Aesthetic Plagiarism and its Metaphors in the Writings of Poe, Melville, and Wilde

Sandra M. Leonard
Indiana University of Pennsylvania

Follow this and additional works at: http://knowledge.library.iup.edu/etd

Recommended Citation
http://knowledge.library.iup.edu/etd/918

This Dissertation is brought to you for free and open access by Knowledge Repository @ IUP. It has been accepted for inclusion in Theses and Dissertations (All) by an authorized administrator of Knowledge Repository @ IUP. For more information, please contact cclouser@iup.edu, sara.parme@iup.edu.
STUDENT HAS RESTRICTED ACCESS TO FULL TEXT OF THE DISSERTATION.

ONLY COVER PAGES AND ABSTRACT ARE AVAILABLE AT THIS TIME
AESTHETIC PLAGIARISM AND ITS METAPHORS IN THE WRITINGS OF POE, MELVILLE, AND WILDE

A Dissertation
Submitted to the School of Graduate Studies and Research
in Partial Fulfillment of the
Requirements for the Degree
Doctor of Philosophy

Sandra M. Leonard
Indiana University of Pennsylvania
August 2015
Indiana University of Pennsylvania  
School of Graduate Studies and Research  
Department of English

We hereby approve the dissertation of

Sandra M. Leonard

Candidate for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy

________________________  __________________________________________  
Christopher Kuipers, Ph.D.  
Associate Professor of English, Chair

________________________  __________________________________________  
Kenneth Sherwood, Ph.D.  
Associate Professor of English

________________________  __________________________________________  
David B. Downing, Ph.D.  
Professor of English

________________________  __________________________________________  
James M. Cahalan, Ph.D.  
Professor Emeritus of English

ACCEPTED

_________________________________________            _________________________  
Randy L. Martin, Ph.D.  
Dean  
School of Graduate Studies and Research
In this dissertation, I address the tension in identifying plagiarism in the texts of canonical authors. Because plagiarism is a compositional act of unattributed repetition as well as a censure, there is both something fully appropriate, and something crucially inaccurate, in calling what respected authors such as Melville and Wilde do “plagiarism.” I argue that this problem can be resolved by understanding some instances of plagiarism as evoking conceptual metaphors as an aesthetically motivated strategy, and, in so doing, reinforce themes of the text in instances of what I will term “aesthetic plagiarism.”

My central argument is that the conceptual metaphors authors use when committing plagiarism can exert an aesthetic influence on the text by reinforcing themes within the narrative. The aesthetic effects of plagiarism can emerge from its arrangement within the text and in its interaction with historical context. I demonstrate that understanding these underlying conceptual metaphors, which evoke metaphors more complex than today’s conventional understanding of plagiarism as stealing, provide an enriched interpretation, one that uncovers larger literary strategies and explains the puzzling presence of plagiarism in otherwise well-respected literary texts. In developing this idea of “aesthetic plagiarism,” I investigate the work of three well-respected authors in the Western canon—Poe, Melville, and Wilde—and uncover what conceptual metaphors govern their use of plagiarism as the topic of each of my chapters.
Furthermore, I discuss how each author uses and at times clashes with prevailing conceptual metaphors of authorship, originality, and intellectual property within his culture. Finally, I implore that scholars understand plagiarism’s whole definition in any author’s historical context, including its pejorative and ethical components that, as I show, contribute to the cognitive metaphors of composition. Unlike so many critics who argue that a new word, clean of historical connection, is needed, I call for the aesthetic condemnation to be lifted from the word “plagiarism.”